

## TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

### GRILON TSG-30/4 V0

#### Product Description

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is a heat stabilised, flame-retardant, self-extinguishing engineering thermoplastic, reinforced with glass-fibre 30% (by weight) based on a semi-crystalline Polyamide-66-Polyamide-6-alloy.

**Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is halogen-free and free of red phosphorus. The unpigmented material is of light inherent colour.**

Besides its advantageous flame behaviour, Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 exhibits high toughness and generally good mechanical properties.

**RoHS:** Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 complies with the regulations acc. RoHS (2002/95/EC, Restriction of Hazardous Substances).

**WEEE:** Parts made of Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 are not affected by the demands for "selective recycling" acc. guideline 2002/96/EC for Electro and Electronic Appliances

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is particularly suited for technical injection moulded parts in the field of Electro and Electronics which require a flammability rating of V-0 acc. UL 94.

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## PROPERTIES

### Mechanical Properties

|                           |                                                  | Standard    | Unit              | State        | Grilon<br>TSG-30/4 V0 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Tensile E-Modulus         | 1 mm/min                                         | ISO 527     | MPa               | dry<br>cond. | 10,500<br>6,500       |
| Tensile strength at break | 50 mm/min                                        | ISO 527     | MPa               | dry<br>cond. | 150<br>90             |
| Elongation at break       | 50 mm/min                                        | ISO 527     | %                 | dry<br>cond. | 2.5<br>4.5            |
| Impact strength           | Charpy, 23°C                                     | ISO 179/1eU | kJ/m <sup>2</sup> | dry<br>cond. | 65<br>70              |
| Impact strength           | Charpy, -30°C                                    | ISO 179/1eU | kJ/m <sup>2</sup> | dry<br>cond. | 60<br>60              |
| Notched impact strength   | Charpy, 23°C                                     | ISO 179/1eA | kJ/m <sup>2</sup> | dry<br>cond. | 9.5<br>14             |
| Notched impact strength   | Charpy, -30°C                                    | ISO 179/1eA | kJ/m <sup>2</sup> | dry<br>cond. | 9.0<br>8.5            |
| Ball indentation hardness | F <sub>m</sub> = 961 N<br>F <sub>m</sub> = 358 N | ISO 2039-1  | MPa               | dry<br>cond. | 255<br>130            |

### Thermal Properties

|                                   |            |           |    |     |           |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|----|-----|-----------|
| Melting point                     | DSC        | ISO 11357 | °C | dry | 260       |
| Heat deflection temperature HDT/A | 1.80 MPa   | ISO 75    | °C | dry | 235       |
| Heat deflection temperature HDT/C | 8.00 MPa   | ISO 75    | °C | dry | 165       |
| Maximum usage temperature         | long term  | ISO 2578  | °C | dry | 100 – 120 |
| Maximum usage temperature         | short term | ISO 2578  | °C | dry | 220       |

### Electrical Properties

|                              |     |           |       |              |                                      |
|------------------------------|-----|-----------|-------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| Comparative tracking index   | CTI | IEC 60112 | -     | cond.        | 600                                  |
| Specific volume resistivity  |     | IEC 60093 | Ω · m | dry<br>cond. | 10 <sup>10</sup><br>10 <sup>10</sup> |
| Specific surface resistivity |     | IEC 60093 | Ω     | cond.        | 10 <sup>10</sup>                     |

### General Properties

|                                         |               |                |                   |     |      |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----|------|
| Density                                 |               | ISO 1183       | g/cm <sup>3</sup> | dry | 1.44 |
| Flammability (UL 94)                    | ≥ 0.8 mm      | ISO 1210       | rating            | -   | V-0  |
| Glow wire flammability index GWFI       | ≥ 0.8 mm      | IEC 60695-2-12 | °C                | -   | 960  |
| Glow wire ignitability temperature GWIT | ≥ 0.8 mm      | IEC 60695-2-13 | °C                | -   | 775  |
| Water absorption                        | 23°C/sat.     | ISO 62         | %                 | -   | 4.0  |
| Moisture absorption                     | 23°C/50% r.h. | ISO 62         | %                 | -   | 1.5  |
| Linear mould shrinkage                  | long.         | ISO 294        | %                 | dry | 0.20 |
| Linear mould shrinkage                  | trans.        | ISO 294        | %                 | dry | 0.65 |

|                                     |                                          |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Product-nomenclature acc. ISO 1874: | PA 66 + PA6, MFHR, 14-110N, GF 30 FR(40) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|

## Processing Information for the Injection Moulding of Grilon TSG-30/4 V0

This technical data sheet for Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 provides you with useful information on material preparation, machine requirements, tooling and processing.

### MATERIAL PREPARATION

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is delivered dry and ready for processing in sealed, air tight packaging. Predrying is not necessary provided the packaging is undamaged.

#### Storage

Sealed, undamaged bags can be kept over a long period of time in storage facilities which are dry, protected from the influence of weather and where the bags can be protected from damage.

#### Handling and Safety

Detailed information can be obtained from the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) which can be requested with every material order.

#### Drying

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is dried and packed with a moisture content of  $\leq 0.10\%$ . Should the packaging become damaged or be left open too long, then the material must be dried. A too high moisture content can be shown by a foaming melt, excessive nozzle drool and silver streaks on the moulded part.

Drying can be done as follows:

##### Desiccant Dryer

|                         |              |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Temperature:            | max. 80 °C   |
| Time:                   | 4 - 12 hours |
| Dew point of the dryer: | -25 °C       |

##### Vacuum Oven

|              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| Temperature: | max. 100 °C  |
| Time:        | 4 - 12 hours |

#### Drying Time

If there is only little evidence of foaming of the melt or just slight silver streaks on the part, then the above mentioned minimal drying time will be sufficient. If material is stored open for days, shows strong foaming, unusually easy flow, streaks or a rough surface on the moulded part, then the maximum drying time is required.



Silver streaks can also be caused by overheating of the material (over 300 °C) or by too long melt residence time in the barrel.

#### Drying Temperature

Polyamides are affected by oxidation at temperatures above 80 °C in the presence of oxygen. Visible yellowing of the material is an indication of oxidation. Hence, temperatures above 80 °C for desiccant dryers and temperatures above 100 °C for vacuum ovens should be avoided. In order to detect oxidation it is advised to keep a small amount of granulate (light colours only !) as a comparison sample.

At longer residence times (over 1 hour) hopper heating or a hopper dryer (80 °C) is useful.

#### Use of Regrind

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 is a thermoplastic material. Hence, incomplete mouldings as well as sprues and runners can be reprocessed. The following points should be observed:

- Moisture absorption
- Grinding: Dust particles and particle size distribution
- Contamination through foreign material, dust, oil, etc.
- Level of addition to original material
- Colour variation
- Reduction of mechanical properties
- V-0 rating can no longer be guaranteed

When adding regrind, special care has to be taken by the moulder.

### MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Grilon TSG-30/4 V0 can be processed economically and without problems on all machines suitable for polyamides.

#### Screw

Wear protected and corrosion resistant, universal screws with shut-off nozzles are recommended (3 zones).

##### Screw

|                    |             |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Length:            | 18 D – 22 D |
| Compression ratio: | 2 – 2.5     |

#### Shot Volume

The metering stroke (less decompression distance) must be longer than the length of the non-return-valve.

##### Selecting the Injection Unit

Shot volume =  $0.5 - 0.8 \times$   
(max. shot volume of injection unit)

## Heating

At least three separately controllable heating zones, capable of reaching cylinder temperatures up to 350 °C. Separate nozzle heating is necessary. The cylinder flange temperature must be controllable (cooling).

## Nozzle

Open nozzles are simple, allow an easy melt flow and are long lasting. There is however, the danger that during retraction of the screws following injection of the melt, air maybe drawn into the barrel (decompression). For this reason, needle shut-off nozzles are often used.

## Clamping Force

As a rule of thumb the clamping force can be estimated using the following formula:

### Clamping Force

$$7.5 \text{ kN}^{1)} \times \text{projected area (cm}^2\text{)}$$

<sup>1)</sup> for a cavity pressure of 750 bar

## TOOLING

The design of the mould tool should follow the general rules for flame-retardant glass fibre reinforced thermoplastics.

For the mould cavities common mould tool steel quality (e.g. hardened steel) which has been hardened to level of 56 HRC is necessary. We recommend additional wear protection in areas of high flow rates in the tool (e.g. pin point gates, hot runner nozzles).

## Demoulding / Draft Angle

Asymmetric demoulding and undercuts are to be avoided if possible. Generous provision should be made for ejection with many large pins or a stripper plate. Draft angles for the inner and outer wall between 0.5 and 3° is usually sufficient. Textured surfaces require a larger draft angle (1° per 0.025 mm depth of roughness).

## Gate and Runner

To achieve the best mould filling and avoid sink marks, a central gate at the thickest section of the moulding is recommended. Pin point (direct) or tunnel gates are more economical and more common with technical moulding.

|                        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (VDI 3400)             | 12  | 15  | 18  | 21  | 24  | 27  |
| Depth of roughness(µm) | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 |
| Demoulding angle (%)   | 1   | 1   | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 |

|                        |     |     |     |    |    |    |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| (VDI 3400)             | 30  | 33  | 36  | 39 | 42 | 45 |
| Depth of roughness(µm) | 3.2 | 4.5 | 6.3 | 9  | 13 | 18 |
| Demoulding angle (%)   | 1.8 | 2   | 2.5 | 3  | 4  | 5  |

To avoid premature solidification of the melt and difficult mould filling, the following points should be considered:

### Gate Diameter

0.8 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part

### Runner Diameter

1.4 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part (but minimum 4 mm)

## VENTING

In order to prevent burning marks and improve weld line strength, proper venting of the mould cavity should be provided (venting channels on the parting surface dimensions: Depth 0.02 mm, width 2 - 5 mm).

## PROCESSING

### Mould Filling, Post Pressure and Dosing

The best surface finish and a high weld line strength are achieved when a high injection speed and a sufficiently long post pressure time are employed.

The injection speed should be regulated so as to reduce towards the end of the filling cycle in order to avoid burning. For dosing at low screw revolutions and pressure the cooling time should be fully utilised.

### Basic Machine Settings

In order to start up the machine for processing Grilon TSG-30/4 V0, the following basic settings can be recommended:

#### Temperatures

|        |              |
|--------|--------------|
| Flange | 60 – 80 °C   |
| Zone 1 | 265 °C       |
| Zone 2 | 270 °C       |
| Zone 3 | 275 °C       |
| Nozzle | 270 °C       |
| Tool   | 80 – 100 °C  |
| Melt   | 265 – 275 °C |

#### Pressures / Speeds

|                          |                            |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Injection speed          | medium – high              |
| Hold-on pressure (spec.) | 300 – 800 bar              |
| Dynamic pressure (hydr.) | 5 – 15 bar                 |
| Screw speed              | 50 – 100 min <sup>-1</sup> |

## CUSTOMER SERVICES

EMS-GRIVORY is a specialist in polyamide synthesis and the processing of these materials. Our customer services are not only concerned with the manufacturing and supply of engineering thermoplastics but also provide full technical support including:

- Rheological part design / FEA
- Prototype tooling
- Material selection
- Processing support
- Mould and component design

We are happy to advise you. Simply call one of our sales offices.

The recommendations and data given are based on our experience to date, however, no liability can be assumed in connection with their usage and processing.

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